KINGS COUNTY LABOR FORCE ANALYSIS

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Prepared for:

KINGS COUNTY WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD

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INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

INTRODUCTION

This report presents information on growing industry clusters in Kings County and related business demand for selected occupational skills. The report describes characteristics of the labor force and in particular focuses on the skills and employment needs of key population segments such as unemployed and underemployed workers, veterans, the disabled and workers in major ethnic groups.

The industry cluster analysis updates the recent work completed by the CSU Fresno Office of Community and Economic Development, in the report, "San Joaquin Valley Regional Industry Cluster Analysis and Action Plan," published in September 2012. In that report, six major industry clusters were identified and evaluated, including:

- Agriculture
- Energy
- Logistics
- Health Care
- Manufacturing
- Water Technology

The present report updates the analysis of the cluster beyond 2010 and provides projection of job growth and occupational demand to the year 2017, based on data provided by Employment Management Systems Inc. (EMSI).

In addition, the report provides a detailed demographic analysis of the workforce using the Public UMS data, which permits cross-tabulations of survey data collected through the American Community Survey (ACS). The resulting analysis is consistent with published ACS population totals for Kings County, but provides greater detail on the employment status and skills levels of selected demographic groups.

SUMMARY

Economic Conditions. The Kings County unemployment rate improved to 8.4% just prior to the recession in 2006, but reached a high of 16.5% by 2010. It has since declined to an annual average level of about 15.3% in 2012.

Industry Clusters. Agriculture is the largest industry cluster in Kings County, with more than 10,700 jobs and a concentration 5.5 times the statewide average. Agricultural Processing and Production subclusters have grown over the past decade but are projected to decline over the next five years. Health Care is the second largest cluster with 3,903 jobs. Health care is projected to add another 1,090 jobs between 2012 and 2017. Logistics, as the third largest cluster in Kings County, had 739 jobs in 2010,

but EMSI projects a loss of 181 jobs by 2017. The Energy and Manufacturing clusters provided close to 500 jobs in 2010 and EMSI projects slight changes between 2012 and 2017. Water Technology does not play a significant role in Kings County. Retail and tourism jobs are projected to grow between 2012 and 2017.

Labor Force Demographics and Skills. The report documents the correlation between education and employment, with unemployment rates much higher for non-college graduates. Whites and other non-Latino groups have higher rates of college graduation.

Under-utilized Workers. Non-college graduates also tend to be underutilized more often in the workforce and again, Latinos have lower full time utilization rates (65.3 percent) than do Whites (71.7 percent). Differences in unemployment rates between persons with a college degree and those without are also pronounced along sectoral lines. This is especially true in sectors having to do with housing. In construction (NAICS 23), the unemployment rate for persons without a degree is 25 percent, versus 0 percent for those with a degree, although the latter may be due to sampling error on the part of the US Census. There are a few sectors in which jobless rates are higher for persons with a college degree versus for those without, such as durable goods manufacturing (NAICS 33), finance and insurance (NAICS 52), and food services retail (NAICS 72).

Veterans. Based on the most recent ACS data, there are about 6,428 veterans in the labor force in the Kings County, representing about 9.9 percent of the labor force. It is estimated that 9.1 percent of veterans were unemployed in 2011, compared to 12.6 percent for the non-veterans labor force. Among the unemployed veterans, the largest group is in the 30-34 age group, which contains 322 out of a total of 585 unemployed veterans of all ages.

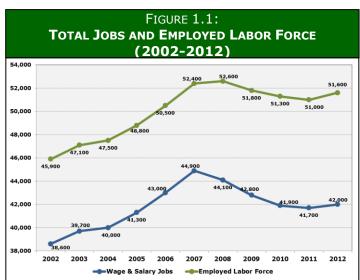
Disabled Workers. There are an estimated 3,076 disabled workers in the labor force, comprising 4.7 percent of all workers in the County. The unemployment rate for disabled workers in 2011 is estimated at 11.2 percent, compared to 12.4 percent for the non-disabled labor force. Among the unemployed disabled, two age-related clusters emerge, with the largest group in the 35-54 age group, who comprise of 170 unemployed disabled persons out of a total of 345 unemployed disabled persons. There are 101 unemployed disabled persons in the 20-29 age group. Across all ages, those who did not earn at least a high school diploma exhibit high rates of unemployment, with the overall unemployment rate for disabled persons without a high school diploma at 27.5 percent.

Training Programs. The report screens all of the projected growth occupations against the list of WIB-approved training vendors and identifies which occupations appear to have available training programs in Kings County where there are gaps. Of the County's clusters, Health and Wellness is projected to grow the most new jobs between 2012 and 2017, at 1,090 over a five year period, or 217 per year on average. The bulk of the 1,090 new jobs are in the lower-middle and middle education and training categories consisting of relevant work experience (201) and an Associate's degree (625) respectively. There are approximately 11 occupations that are expected to increase in numbers within the Health and Welfare cluster. For 4 of these occupations, there are no job training programs, according to the California EDD ETPL database. There are 9 growing occupations within Logistics; for 3 of these growing occupations, there are no job training programs.

1. LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

Employment growth in Kings County was on upward trend until 2007, after which it plummeted. Between 2002 and 2007, the County added 6,300 jobs, reaching a peak of 44,900 wage and salary jobs. Job losses from the recession began to occur in 2008 and continued until 2011, when employment declined to less than 41,700 jobs. Employers struggled to add new jobs but ended with 42,000 Jobs in 2012 which is 3,200 jobs lower than the peak in 2007. The employed labor force, which includes self employed and out-commuters, followed a similar pattern (Figure 1.1).



Source: ADE, Inc., California Economic Development Department

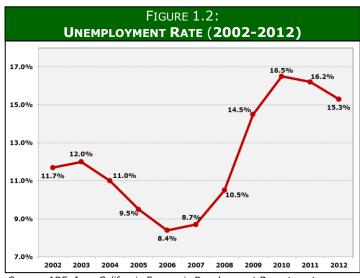
The county had 52,600 employed residents in 2008 but during the recession, employment dropped and the number of employed residents declined by 1,600 reaching of 51,000 people in 2011. However, between 2011 and 2012 about 600 residents found employment (Figure 1.1).

TABLE 1.1: DEMOGRAPHIC AND LABOR FORCE TRENDS									
	2002 2012 char								
Population Estimates	134,664	150,843	12.0%						
Labor Force	52,000	60,900	17.1%						
Employed Labor Force	45,900	51,600	12.4%						
Wage and Salary Jobs	38,600	42,000	8.8%						

Source: ADE, Inc., Department of Finance, California Economic Development Department

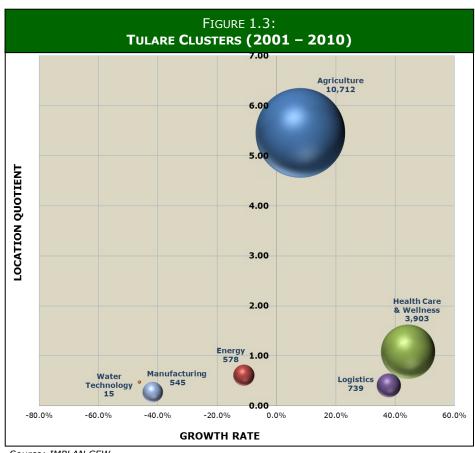
Population increased by 12.0 percent between 2002 and 2012, while labor force had an increase of 17.1 percent (Table 1.1). The number of wage and salary jobs is almost 30 percent below the size of the labor force in Kings County. Some of this difference would be due to self-employment, but it is also clear that there is a large out-commute for workers from the county to employment centers elsewhere in the Central Valley. The increase in unemployment rate is highly correlated to the increasing gap between labor force and available job opportunities. The unemployment rate was as low as 8.4 percent in 2006 but increased to 10.5 percent in 2008 and 16.5 percent in 2010 (Figure 1.2).

Agriculture is the largest cluster with 10,712 employees (Figure 1.3). The Health Care cluster with 3,903 employees is the second largest cluster in Kings County. Water Technology is the smallest industry with 15 employees. Logistics, Energy, and Manufacturing clusters have 739, 578, and 545 employees, respectively. The Health Care and logistics clusters have shown the highest growth rate over the past ten years. The Manufacturing, Energy and Water Technology clusters, on the other hand, have declined within the last decade. Agriculture is not only the largest industry



Source: ADE, Inc., California Economic Development Department

but also the highest concentrated job sector at 5.5 times the State average. The Health Care concentration matches the State average in Kings County, but the other clusters are all below average (see Appendix A for industry cluster definitions by NAICS code).



Source: IMPLAN CEW

2. KEY DEMOGRAPHIC GROUPS

This chapter provides data on the educational levels and employment status for key demographic groups in the population. Data comes from the US Census' American Community Survey ("ACS") one-year sample for years 2009, 2010, and 2011, the most-current data available at the time of this analysis.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY RACE/ETHNIC AND AGE CATEGORY

ACS estimates that there are 64,787 persons in the county labor force, with 26,678 in the 35 to 54 prime working-age category (Table 2.1)¹. Of the 26,678, 10,992 (or 41.2 percent) are White, 12,138 (45.5 percent) are Latino, and the 3,548 (13.3 percent) are some other race (e.g. Black, Asian-Pacific Islander, Other, and/or Two or More). Of the 10,992 persons who are White, 2,461 (22.4 percent) earned at least a Bachelor's degree. In comparison, 8.1 percent of all prime working-age Latino adults in the labor force earned at least a Bachelor's, or 978 out of 12,138. For persons in the Other category, an estimated 756 (21.4 percent) prime working-age adults out of a labor force of 3,548 earned at least a Bachelor's degree.

TABLE 2.1: LABOR FORCE BY RACE/ETHNICITY, AGE AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT: KINGS COUNTY (2009-2011) ALL PERSONS 16 IN KINGS COUNTY -- IN LABOR FORCE

	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	65 & over	Kings County
	3,350	17,923	7,760	26,678	7,154	1,922	64,787
01 White	1,052	6,598	3,019	10,992	3,523	1,124	26,308
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	134	403	7	529	313	193	1,579
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	260	1,595	794	2,911	861	305	6,725
Some college - no degree & not attending	57	1,773	629	3,326	1,012	335	7,132
Associates degree/still attending college	410	1,688	717	1,765	379	59	5,018
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	1,140	872	2,461	958	232	5,662
NA	191	0	0	0	0	0	191

¹As noted in Table 1.1, EDD estimates a labor force figure of 60,900 in 2012. We use the ACS figure in this chapter in order to present the demographic characteristics that are not available from EDD. For a detailed difference in methodology for estimating labor force between the US ACS and US Census CPS (on which California EDD's findings are based), go to //www.bls.gov/lau/acsqa.htm#Q08 and //www.bls.gov/lau/acsqa.htm#Q09. It is also important to note that while the US Census CPS is the federal government's official survey for purposes of tracking monthly and annual unemployment, the US ACS is based on a significantly larger sample of survey respondents.

	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	65 & over	Kings County
02 Latino	1,766	9,719	4,073	12,138	2,751	561	31,007
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	306	2,539	1,295	5,498	1,580	294	11,512
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	489	2,439	1,222	3,102	337	236	7,825
Some college - no degree & not attending	75	3,053	856	1,576	380	0	5,940
Associates degree/still attending college	704	1,247	346	948	186	4	3,435
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	419	354	978	268	26	2,044
NA	192	23	0	36	0	0	251
03 Other	532	1,606	669	3,548	881	237	7,473
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	0	180	66	82	54	141	524
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	102	425	46	619	337	34	1,563
Some college - no degree & not attending	216	611	230	1,361	95	0	2,513
Associates degree/still attending college	172	179	174	729	51	0	1,305
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	121	152	756	344	62	1,435
NA	43	90	0	0	0	0	133

Source: Applied Development Economics, Inc., based on US Census PUMS One-year Sample for Years 2009, 2010, and 2011 {Data Source: Steven Ruggles, J. Trent Alexander, Katie Genadek, Ronald Goeken, Matthew B. Schroeder, and Matthew Sobek. Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 5.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2010.}

The educational attainment gap between the Latinos and either the White or Other labor force is present across the various age cohorts. Starting with the 20s age cohort, we see that an estimated 419 out of 9,719 Latinos earned at least a Bachelor's degree, or 4.3 percent, which is less than rates estimated for Whites (17.3 percent, or 1,140 out of 6,598) and Others (7.5 percent, or 121 out of 1,606). Across all age categories, approximately 19-to-21 percent of Other and/or White persons in the labor force earned at least a Bachelor's degree, versus 6.6 percent for Latinos.

The importance of a college degree becomes evident in the following table. While the overall annual unemployment rate for the historic downturn three-year period of 2009-2011 averaged a relatively low 12.3 percent, for persons with at least a Bachelor's degree, the jobless rate was significantly lower (Table 2.2). Across all age categories, White persons in the labor force with at least a Bachelor's experienced an unemployment rate of 2.4 percent, and Others experienced a 2.2 percent jobless rate. At 14.8 percent, Latinos with at least a Bachelor's degree exhibited an unemployment rate higher than the County average. Interestingly, in most other Central Valley counties, Latinos with at least a Bachelor's degree exhibited unemployment rates lower than the County average. The employment premium associated with a Bachelor's degree is not evident for Latinos as it is elsewhere in the Central valley region: for prime working-age Latinos with at least a Bachelor's, the joblessness rate was still an unusually high 11.7 percent, versus 3.0 percent of Whites and 1.9 percent for Others.

TABLE 2.2: UNEMPLOYMENT RATE BY RACE/ETHNICITY, AGE AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT: KINGS COUNTY (2009-2011) ALL PERSONS 16 IN KINGS COUNTY -- IN LABOR FORCE

	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	65 & over	Kings County
	32.2%	9.4%	16.1%	11.6%	8.7%	13.1%	12.3%
01 White	33.1%	5.6%	8.4%	8.7%	3.4%	9.2%	8.2%
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	58.1%	3.5%	0.0%	5.3%	0.0%	23.7%	10.5%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	20.7%	4.3%	28.8%	6.3%	9.2%	12.1%	9.7%
Some college - no degree & not attending	0.0%	7.1%	0.0%	17.8%	0.0%	6.2%	10.3%
Associates degree/still attending college	36.1%	8.2%	3.5%	4.2%	0.0%	0.0%	7.7%
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	3.0%	4.4%	0.0%	2.4%
NA	35.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	35.9%
02 Latino	34.5%	12.4%	21.9%	15.3%	17.3%	18.6%	16.6%
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	11.8%	23.0%	21.8%	15.6%	23.6%	29.7%	19.3%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	43.2%	10.9%	30.4%	20.5%	26.5%	7.2%	20.3%
Some college - no degree & not attending	35.1%	5.3%	15.1%	4.8%	3.2%	0.0%	6.8%
Associates degree/still attending college	38.2%	2.2%	19.1%	18.5%	0.0%	0.0%	15.7%
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	34.8%	12.1%	11.7%	0.0%	0.0%	14.8%
NA	34.5%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	35.5%
03 Other	23.0%	7.0%	16.1%	7.8%	2.8%	18.8%	9.2%
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	0.0%	50.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8.0%	31.7%	26.6%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	64.1%	0.0%	0.0%	26.8%	1.7%	0.0%	15.1%
Some college - no degree & not attending	0.0%	1.4%	21.4%	0.0%	15.1%	0.0%	2.9%
Associates degree/still attending college	13.6%	0.0%	31.2%	13.1%	0.0%	0.0%	13.3%
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	11.6%	2.4%	1.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2.2%
NA	78.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.3%

LABOR FORCE UTILIZATION

Here, we present data illustrating to what extent, if any, Kings County's labor force, including those who are employed, is not being fully utilized. This discussion underscores the importance of a college degree in obtaining more steady employment. Of the 64,787 persons in the county labor force, 40,494 were employed full-time and all-year, (i.e., 62.5 percent) (Table 2.3). On average, an estimated 71.7 percent (7,884 out of 10,992) of all prime working-age persons in the labor force who are White are fully utilized, versus the rate for Latinos, or 65.3 percent (7,923 out of 12,138). In other words, almost 35 percent of all prime working-age Latinos are either unemployed or under-employed, versus approximately 29 percent of prime working-age Whites, rates that are relatively low compared to other counties in the region such as Merced and Stanislaus. However, a college degree makes a significant impact for prime working-age Latinos, as 73.6 percent (701 out of 948) of all prime working-age Latinos with at least a Bachelor's degree work full-time and all-year, a rate surpassing the 71.9 percent (1,771 out of 2,461) rate for prime working-age Whites with at least a Bachelor's degree.

		TABLE 2	.3:				
FULLY UTILIZED LABOR FORCE:						NICITY, #	AGE AND
EDUCATION				•	_		
ALL PERS	ons 16 in	KINGS CO	UNTY I	LABOR FO	DRCE	65 &	Kings
	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	over	County
	376	10,692	5,251	18,433	5,054	687	40,494
01 White	0	4,359	2,422	7,884	2,686	373	17,725
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	0	269	0	422	287	19	997
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	0	1,109	495	2,290	512	53	4,459
Some college - no degree & not attending	0	1,133	629	2,100	807	102	4,771
Associates degree/still attending college	0	1,042	526	1,302	366	24	3,259
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	806	772	1,771	715	176	4,239
NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02 Latino	343	5,354	2,386	7,923	1,788	196	17,991
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	122	1,409	732	3,420	900	163	6,745
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	61	1,349	709	1,763	229	29	4,140
Some college - no degree & not attending	49	1,907	517	1,284	310	0	4,067
Associates degree/still attending college	106	449	203	701	123	4	1,586
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	240	226	719	226	0	1,411
NA	6	0	0	36	0	0	42
03 Other	33	979	443	2,626	581	118	4,779
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	0	0	24	52	50	54	180
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	0	369	0	408	154	16	947
Some college - no degree & not attending	33	461	181	1,155	53	0	1,884
Associates degree/still attending college	0	76	89	430	34	0	629
Bachelor's degree or higher	0	73	148	580	289	48	1,139
NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Differences in unemployment rates between persons with a college degree and those without are also were more pronounced along sectoral lines. This is especially true in sectors having to do with housing. In construction (NAICS 23), the unemployment rate for persons without a degree is 25 percent, versus 0 percent for those with a degree, although the latter may be due to sampling error on the part of the US Census (Table 2.4). There are a few sectors in which jobless rates are higher for persons with a college degree versus for those without, such as durable goods manufacturing (NAICS 33), finance and insurance (NAICS 52), and food services retail (NAICS 72).

TABLE 2.4:

LABOR FORCE AND UNEMPLOYMENT TRENDS BY ECONOMIC SECTOR AND BY COLLEGE DEGREE STATUS: KINGS COUNTY (2009-2011)

		Degree			No Degree		Deg	gree or No De	egree
	Employed	Not Employed	Unemploy- ment rate of persons w/degree	Employed	Not Employed	Unemploy- ment rate of persons with no degree	Employed	Not Employed	Unemploy- ment Rate
11 Ag, Forestry, etc.	740	128	15%	7,687	1,526	17%	8,427	1,654	16%
21 Mining, oil, gas	0	0	0%	78	40	34%	78	40	34%
22 Utilities	0	0	0%	396	0	0%	396	0	0%
23 Construction	311	0	0%	1,549	511	25%	1,859	511	22%
31 Manufacturing	425	20	5%	2,441	183	7%	2,867	204	7%
32 Manufacturing	63	0	0%	429	19	4%	492	19	4%
33 Manufacturing	155	16	9%	371	272	42%	526	288	35%
42 Wholesale	327	0	0%	1,645	649	28%	1,973	649	25%
44 Retail	445	20	4%	2,370	546	19%	2,815	566	17%
45 Retail	434	0	0%	1,324	173	12%	1,758	173	9%
48 Transportation/Warehousing	130	0	0%	960	310	24%	1,090	310	22%
49 Transportation/Warehousing	120	0	0%	159	0	0%	279	0	0%
51 Information	107	0	0%	290	75	21%	397	75	16%
52 Finance and Insurance	244	44	15%	479	38	7%	723	82	10%
53 Real Estate and Leasing	184	0	0%	625	32	5%	809	32	4%
54 Professional, Scientific and Technical	379	19	5%	453	114	20%	832	133	14%
55 Mgt. of Companies and Enterprises	0	0	0%	46	0	0%	46	0	0%
56 Administrative and Support	430	0	0%	1,574	297	16%	2,004	297	13%
56 Waste Management	75	0	0%	197	18	8%	272	18	6%
61 Education	2,887	103	3%	1,429	0	0%	4,317	103	2%
62 Health Care	1,684	172	9%	3,211	131	4%	4,895	302	6%
62 Social Assistance	415	83	17%	1,220	47	4%	1,635	131	7%
71 Arts, Entertainment and Rec.	201	0	0%	743	73	9%	943	73	7%
72 Accommodations	95	0	0%	563	226	29%	659	226	26%
72 Food Services	302	96	24%	2,578	305	11%	2,880	400	12%
81 Other Services	302	0	0%	1,786	139	7%	2,088	139	6%
92 Public Administration	3,604	126	3%	7,977	82	1%	11,582	208	2%
99 Unclassified	0	0	0%	0	1,243	100%	0	1,243	100%

VETERANS

Based on the most recent ACS data, there are about 6,428 veterans in the labor force in Kings County, representing about 9.9 percent of the labor force. It is estimated that 9.1 percent of veterans were unemployed in 2011, compared to 12.6 percent for the non-veterans labor force (Table 2.5). Among the unemployed veterans, the largest group is in the 30-34 age group, who comprise of 332 unemployed veterans out of a total of 585 unemployed veterans. In most counties in the Central Valley region, most unemployed veterans are in the 35-54 age group. The unemployment rate for Kings County's 30-34 age cohort is 38.1 percent, with those with college degrees such as an AA (73.1) and a Bachelor's (52.7) exhibiting high rates of unemployment.

TABLE 2.5: UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES OF ALL PERSONS 16 AND OVER BY VETERAN STATUS AND EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT KINGS COUNTY PERSONS IN THE LABOR FORCE AND NOT EMPLOYED (US CENSUS ACS 3-YEAR 2009-2011)									
	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	65 & over	Kings County		
Total Number of Unemployed Persons	1,080	1,688	1,252	3,085	620	252	7,977		
Unemployment Rates	32.2%	9.4%	16.1%	11.6%	8.7%	13.1%	12.3%		
01 Not a Veteran									
Number of Unemployed Persons Who Are Not Veterans	1,012	1,662	930	2,999	527	195	7,324		
Unemployment Rates for Persons Who Are Not Veterans	31.3%	9.8%	13.5%	12.6%	9.0%	13.1%	12.6%		
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	25.9%	22.6%	13.2%	14.6%	19.6%	29.6%	18.1%		
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	38.8%	8.0%	32.1%	16.3%	9.6%	4.3%	16.2%		
Some college no degree and not attending	7.6%	6.0%	7.8%	12.3%	2.5%	0.0%	8.3%		
Associates degree/still attending college	34.3%	4.8%	7.9%	11.1%	0.0%	0.0%	11.4%		
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	10.7%	0.3%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	4.8%		
NA	32.4%	20.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	26.8%		
02 Veterans									
Number of Unemployed Persons Who Are Veterans	0	26	322	86	93	58	585		
Unemployment Rates for Persons Who Are Veterans	0.0%	2.6%	38.1%	3.0%	7.2%	13.4%	9.1%		
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	38.2%		
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	0.0%	0.0%	13.2%	5.5%	20.4%	20.1%	9.5%		
Some college no degree and not attending	0.0%	0.0%	26.6%	2.0%	0.0%	20.3%	4.7%		
Associates degree/still attending college	0.0%	13.5%	73.1%	3.8%	0.0%	0.0%	9.9%		
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	0.0%	52.7%	0.0%	10.9%	0.0%	8.3%		
NA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		

DISABLED WORKERS

There are an estimated 3,076 disabled persons in the labor force, comprising 4.7 percent of all workers in the County. The unemployment rate for disabled workers in 2011 is estimated at 11.2 percent, compared to 12.4 percent for the non-disabled labor force (Table 2.6). Among the unemployed disabled, two age-related clusters emerge, with the largest group in the 35-54 age group, who comprise of 170 unemployed disabled persons out of a total of 345 unemployed disabled persons. There are 101 unemployed disabled persons in the 20-29 age group. Across all ages, those who did not earn at least a high school diploma exhibit high rates of unemployment, with the overall unemployment rate for disabled persons without a high school diploma at 27.5 percent.

		BLE 2.6:					
Number of Unemployed Persons and Unemployme				VER BY DISA	BILITY STAT	US AND EDU	CATIONAL
	ATTAINMENT						
Persons In the Labor Force	AND NOT EM	IPLOYED (US	CENSUS ACS	53-YEAR 20	009-2011)	CE O	1/2
	16 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 54	55 - 64	65 & over	Kings County
Total Number of Unemployed Persons	1,080	1,688	1,252	3,085	620	252	7,977
Unemployment Rates	32.2%	9.4%	16.1%	11.6%	8.7%	13.1%	12.3%
01 No Known Disability							
Number of Unemployed Persons w/No Known Disability	1,046	1,586	1,252	2,915	620	212	7,632
Unemployment Rates for Persons w/No Known Disability	31.9%	9.0%	17.2%	11.3%	9.7%	14.0%	12.4%
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	19.8%	20.3%	22.4%	13.9%	20.5%	29.1%	18.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	38.8%	7.6%	31.3%	14.8%	13.0%	9.5%	15.8%
Some college no degree and not attending	8.3%	5.4%	10.7%	10.0%	2.0%	7.1%	7.6%
Associates degree/still attending college	34.3%	5.4%	12.6%	10.5%	0.0%	0.0%	11.7%
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	10.7%	3.7%	4.9%	3.0%	0.0%	5.4%
NA	40.4%	20.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	36.1%
02 At Least One Disability							
Number of Unemployed Persons w/at Least One Disability	33	101	0	170	0	40	345
Unemployment Rates for Persons w/at Least One Disability	46.7%	26.3%	0.0%	17.9%	0.0%	10.0%	11.2%
Did not earn HS dipl/GED or degree: not in school	100.0%	45.0%	0.0%	28.8%	0.0%	23.6%	27.5%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.2%	0.0%	9.1%	6.4%
Some college no degree and not attending	0.0%	8.8%	0.0%	23.2%	0.0%	0.0%	11.6%
Associates degree/still attending college	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
NA	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

3. EMPLOYMENT AND OCCUPATION PROJECTIONS

This section of the report provides the employment projections by cluster for the 2012 to 2017 period, as well as the related occupational demand by employers. The employment and occupational projections have been prepared by EMSI. The industry cluster definitions follow the Regional San Joaquin Valley 19analysis completed in 2012 (see Appendix B).²

- Agriculture
- Energy
- Health and Wellness
- Logistics
- Manufacturing
- Water Technology

The value of industry clusters is that they generally represent the economic base of the region, in which products and services are exported out of the county and draw income into the county. In this way, they create worker incomes that then support local serving industries such as retail and services businesses, which may also see employment growth. In the case of health and wellness, this cluster is not an export sector, but it is a growing industry with many high paid jobs and warrants attention on that basis.

EMPLOYMENT PROJECTIONS

Kings County had a job total of 40,919 in 2012. EMSI projects an additional 3,578 new jobs by 2017, with the total employment count reaching 44,497 during the 2012 to 2017 projection period (Table 3.1). While Table 3.1 presents the jobs projections in major NAICS sectors, the following points highlight the cluster projections which are provided in later tables of this chapter.

- Health and Wellness is the only cluster in Kings County with a considerable projected employment growth between 2012 and 2017.
- Health and Wellness had 4,306 employees in total by 2012 and EMSI foresees an additional 1,090 workers by the end of the projection period in 2017 (Table 3.7). This cluster does not include the Social Assistance jobs included in the major sector shown in Table 3.1. As part of this super-sector, EMSI expects 1,035 new jobs for the Health Care delivery sub-cluster (Table 3.7).
- The Logistics cluster with 181 new jobs is the second growing cluster (Table 3.6). Freight and Warehousing is the top hiring sub-cluster with a projected 120 new workers.
- The growing sub-clusters for Agriculture are the Distribution and Support. The Distribution sub-cluster will provide 176 new jobs and Support is estimated to grow by 131 jobs. Production and Processing present negative changes of 582 jobs and 166 jobs (Table 3.2).

² Applied Development Economics. *San Joaquin Valley Regional Industry Cluster Analysis and Action Plan*. CSU Fresno Office of Community and Economic Development. September 2012.

- The Energy and Manufacturing clusters in Kings County are projected to decline by 2017.
- Non-cluster related employment with projected gains include retail, government, and tourism (accommodations, food services, and arts and entertainment) (Table 3.1).

	TABLE 3 EMPLOYMENT PROJECTIONS BY MAJO		, Kings Co	UNTY	
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change
62	Health Care and Social Assistance	4,565	5,795	1,230	26.9%
44	Retail Trade	4,000	4,731	731	18.3%
90	Government	12,391	13,059	668	5.4%
72	Accommodation and Food Services	2,545	2,989	444	17.4%
54	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	704	1,111	407	57.8%
23	Construction	783	1,013	230	29.4%
81	Other Services (except Public Administration)	1,372	1,576	204	14.9%
42	Wholesale Trade	595	680	85	14.3%
48	Transportation and Warehousing	714	795	81	11.3%
53	Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	481	547	66	13.7%
61	Educational Services (Private)	266	315	49	18.4%
71	Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	206	244	38	18.4%
99	Unclassified Industry	76	92	16	21.1%
52	Finance and Insurance	605	620	15	2.5%
55	Management and Remediation Services	121	129	8	6.6%
51	Information	205	201	(4)	(2.0%)
22	Utilities	84	78	(6)	(7.1%)
56	Administrative and Support and Waste Management of Companies and Enterprises	499	480	(19)	(3.8%)
31	Manufacturing	4,394	4,348	(46)	(1.0%)
11	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	6,314	5,694	(620)	(9.8%)
	TOTAL	40,919	44,497	3,578	8.7%

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

AGRICULTURE CLUSTER

Agriculture oriented jobs include activities such as farm production, food processing, distribution, and support services. We have grouped the agriculture related industries into these four categories based on the significant role they play in the agriculture economy.

Food and farm product-related wholesale trade activities, transportation services, and warehousing jobs are grouped as Distribution. Retail related jobs in grocery and supermarkets establishments are also part of the Distribution group. The Distribution sub-cluster will add net 176 positions by 2017 with a 17 percent growth rate. In this group, EMSI reports that supermarkets, grocery stores, and convenience stores are expected to increase employment by 105 jobs (Table 3.2).

	Table 3.2: Job Projections by Cluster – Distribution										
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change						
445110	Supermarkets and Other Grocery Stores	636	718	82	13%						
424910	Farm Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	229	288	59	26%						
445120	Convenience Stores	93	116	23	25%						
445310	Beer, Wine, and Liquor Stores	49	61	12	24%						
	TOTAL	1,007	1,183	176	17%						

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

In the Processing group we have included activities related to manufacturing, packaging, and food and beverage processing, all of which are classified as manufacturing (NAICS 31). In Kings County the fruit and vegetable canning (NAICS 311421) includes the highest employment loss, at 199 workers in 2017. Overall, EMSI estimates this component of the Agricultural cluster will lose 166 jobs by 2012 (Table 3.3).

	TABLE 3.3: Job Projections by Cluster – Processing										
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change						
311513	Cheese Manufacturing	1,434	1,519	85	6%						
311611	Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering	400	468	68	17%						
311911	Roasted Nuts & Peanut Butter Manufacturing	433	487	54	12%						
311615	Poultry Processing	71	82	11	15%						
311119	Other Animal Food Manufacturing	62	27	(35)	(56%)						
311613	Rendering and Meat Byproduct Processing	67	12	(55)	(82%)						
311223	Other Oilseed Processing	209	114	(95)	(45%)						
311421	Fruit and Vegetable Canning	1,143	944	(199)	(17%)						
	TOTAL	3,819	3,653	(166)	(4%)						

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

The Production group includes animal and crop production. Similar to the Processing group, the Production group is also expected to reduce employment by 582 jobs, although there is projected to be 205 increase in animal production activities. In contrast, the crop production industry will decline by 400 jobs. In addition, 306 of farm labor contractors and crew leaders will lose employment by 2017 as well (Table 3.4).

	TABLE 3.4: JOB PROJECTIONS BY CLUSTER – PRODUCTION										
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change						
112	Animal Production	1,917	2,122	205	11%						
115116	Farm Management Services	44	54	10	23%						
115111	Cotton Ginning	44	30	(14)	(32%)						
115112	Soil Preparation, Planting, and Cultivating	228	212	(16)	(7%)						
115113	Crop Harvesting, Primarily by Machine	275	247	(28)	(10%)						
115114	Postharvest Crop Activities	458	425	(33)	(7%)						
115115	Farm Labor Contractors and Crew Leaders	1,378	1,072	(306)	(22%)						
111	Crop Production	1,988	1,588	(400)	(20%)						
Comment FMC	TOTAL	6,332	5,750	(582)	(9%)						

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

The final group of industries under the Agriculture cluster includes all establishments that support agriculture related activities. A diverse set of services from water utilities, construction, business support services, professional services, fertilizer and chemicals, and repair services are included under the supporting services group. Altogether, EMSI projects a modest 87 job increase between 2012 and 2017. Water and Sewer Line and Related Structures Construction (NAICS 237110) would gain 91 jobs while temporary help services (NAICS 561320) would lose 47 jobs (Table 3.5).

	TABLE 3.5: JOB PROJECTIONS BY CLUSTER – SUPPORT									
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change					
237110	Water and Sewer Line and Related Structures Construction	161	252	91	57%					
811310	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance	77	102	25	32%					
561730	Landscaping Services	67	87	20	30%					
221310	Water Supply and Irrigation Systems	29	43	14	48%					
541940	Veterinary Services	42	55	13	31%					
561710	Exterminating and Pest Control Services	13	12	(1)	(8%)					
333294	Food Product Machinery Manufacturing	22	15	(7)	(32%)					
423820	Farm and Garden Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers	54	46	(8)	(15%)					
444220	Nursery, Garden Center, and Farm Supply Stores	28	15	(13)	(46%)					
561320	Temporary Help Services	70	23	(47)	(67%)					
	TOTAL	563	650	87	15%					

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

ENERGY CLUSTER

Energy cluster will lose 10 jobs by 2017. This cluster is comprised of establishments engaged in alternative energy generation, production, and distribution, energy efficiency, equipment manufacturing, petroleum production and distribution, and power generation and transmission. EMSI estimates that water and sewer line and related structures construction establishments add 91 jobs while other oilseed processing establishments decrease their size by 95 employees. As a result the job growth in one sector is evened out by the job loss in another sector (Table 3.6).

	Table 3.6: Job Projections by Cluster – Energy									
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Chang e	% Chang e	Sub- Cluste r				
238160	Water and Sewer Line and Related Structures Construction	161	252	91	57%	1				
811310	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance	77	102	25	32%	7				
533110	Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets (except Copyrighted Works)	25	43	18	72%	7				
423610	Electrical Apparatus and Equipment, Wiring Supplies, and Related Equipment Merchant Wholesalers	20	28	8	40%	2				
23821	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	67	61	(6)	(9%)	3				
424720	Petroleum and Petroleum Products Merchant Wholesalers (except Bulk Stations and Terminals)	21	11	(10)	(48%)	5				

NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Chang e	% Chang e	Sub- Cluste r
221112	Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation	36	24	(12)	(33%)	6
23822	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	84	55	(29)	(35%)	3
325193	Other Oilseed Processing	209	114	(95)	(45%)	1
	TOTAL	700	690	(10)	(1%)	

Energy Sub-Clusters

- 1 Alternative Energy Generation/Production
- 2 Alternative Energy Distribution
- 3 Energy Efficiency
- 4 Equipment Manufacturing

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

5 - Petroleum Production & Petroleum Distribution

6 - Power Generation and Transmission

7 - Research & Services

HEALTH AND WELLNESS CLUSTER

This cluster is projected to have a positive increase in its employment by adding 1,090 additional employees. Ambulatory and health care services (NAICS 621) and Hospitals (NAICS 622) are covered under this cluster. Other sectors such as medical device manufacturing, pharmaceuticals, supplies and services, and wellness and fitness services are also part of this cluster. For Kings County, General Medical and Surgical Hospitals (NAICS 622110) provide 756 employment opportunities (Table 3.7).

	TABLE 3.7: Job Projections by Cluster – Health and Wellness									
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change	Sub- Cluster				
622110	General Medical and Surgical Hospitals (Private)	2,376	3,132	756	32%	1				
624310	Vocational Rehabilitation Services	236	376	140	59%	1				
621498	All Other Outpatient Care Centers	115	193	78	68%	1				
621111	Offices of Physicians (except Mental Health Specialists)	421	466	45	11%	1				
446110	Pharmacies and Drug Stores	201	242	41	20%	5				
623110	Nursing Care Facilities	377	410	33	9%	1				
621210	Offices of Dentists	245	268	23	9%	1				
446191	Food (Health) Supplement Stores	17	31	14	82%	5				
621492	Kidney Dialysis Centers	57	70	13	23%	1				
621420	Outpatient Mental Health and Substance Abuse Centers	109	94	(15)	(14%)	1				
623312	Homes for the Elderly	70	54	(16)	(23%)	1				
623210	Residential Mental Retardation Facilities	82	60	(22)	(27%)	1				
	TOTAL	4,306	5,396	1,090	25%					

Health and Wellness Sub-Clusters

- 1 Health Care Delivery
- 2 Medical Device Manufacturing
- 3 Pharmaceuticals

4 - Supplies and Services

5 - Wellness and Fitness

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

LOGISTICS CLUSTER

Under the logistics cluster, in Kings County, local specialized freight (except used goods) trucking industries (NAICS 484220) will add 59 jobs. This sub cluster included the most number of employees since 2010 compared to other sectors under logistics (Table 3.8).

	Table Job Projections by (.ogistics					
NAICS Code	Description	2012 Jobs	2017 Jobs	Change	% Change	Sub- Cluster		
484220	Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local	239	298	59	25%	2		
493110	General Warehousing and Storage	49	75	26	53%	2		
485111	Mixed Mode Transit Systems	69	93	24	35%	4		
484122	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload	57	78	21	37%	2		
485410	School and Employee Bus Transportation	24	38	14	58%	4		
488410	Motor Vehicle Towing	25	38	13	52%	3		
484210	Used Household and Office Goods Moving	20	32	12	60%	2		
493130	Farm Product Warehousing and Storage	76	87	11	14%	2		
485991	Special Needs Transportation	23	33	10	43%	4		
484110	General Freight Trucking, Local	58	49	(9)	(16%)	2		
	TOTAL	652	833	181	28%	652		
Logistics	Logistics Sub-Clusters							
1 - Air,	Rail, Water Transportation	3 - Other Services						

2 - Freight & Warehousing

4 - Transit

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset QCEW Employees

WATER TECHNOLOGY CLUSTER

In Kings County, the only sector under the Water Technology cluster that is expected to have an employment increase is related to wholesalers of farm supplies; however, it is unclear if it is related to irrigation or other water-related activities, so we have included the jobs in the broader manufacturing and agricultural clusters instead.

OCCUPATIONAL DEMAND BY CLUSTER

To assess the projected occupational demand created by employment increase in any of the above clusters, we tabulated the occupational staffing patterns for each of clusters. EMSI gives us the ability to identify specific occupations that will create the highest number of jobs between 2012 and 2017. Analyzing the staffing pattern for the county provides knowledge of the future demand for workforce training and educational requirements. Please note that at this stage of the report we are gathering a list of growing occupations at the cluster level and not at the sub-groups level under each cluster.

AGRICULTURE CLUSTER

Heavy & tractor-trailer truck drivers (SOC 53-3032) and laborers & freight, stock & material movers (SOC 53-7062) are two of the largest growing agriculture related occupations in the county with an anticipated 47 persons by 2017. On the contrary, farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse occupations (SOC 45-2092) is projected to decline by 287 persons. This table shows that occupational estimates are corresponding with the employment projection tables presented in the previous section (Table 3.10).

	A	TABLE 3					
soc	OCCUPATION	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2012)	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2017)	CHANGE	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY EARNINGS	EDU- CATION LEVEL*
53-3032	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	167	197	30	18%	\$16.80	1
47-2061	Construction Laborers	42	62	20	48%	\$11.91	1
53-7062	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	53	70	17	32%	\$11.10	1
37-3011	Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	56	71	15	27%	\$14.95	1
19-4011	Agricultural and Food Science Technicians	111	101	(10)	(9%)	\$16.86	6
51-3092	Food Batchmakers	296	286	(10)	(3%)	\$17.54	1
51-9198	HelpersProduction Workers	171	158	(13)	(8%)	\$8.91	1
53-7051	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	145	132	(13)	(9%)	\$14.94	1
45-2093	Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals	248	234	(14)	(6%)	\$10.61	1
45-2041	Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products	133	114	(19)	(14%)	\$8.65	1
51-2092	Team Assemblers	203	184	(19)	(9%)	\$13.40	2
45-2091	Agricultural Equipment Operators	282	255	(27)	(10%)	\$10.77	1
51-9111	Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	436	409	(27)	(6%)	\$16.00	2
45-2041	Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products	487	408	(79)	(16%)	\$8.65	1
45-2092	Farmworkers and Laborers, Crop, Nursery, and Greenhouse	3,044	2,757	(287)	(9%)	\$8.16	1

 ${\bf 1} \ \ \hbox{-} \ \ \hbox{Short-term on-the-job training}$

2 - Moderate-term on-the-job training

3 - Long-term on-the-job training

4 - Work experience in a related occupation

5 - Postsecondary non-degree award

6 - Associate's degree

7 - Bachelor's degree

8 - Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work

9 - First professional degree

10 - Masters

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset-QCEW Employees

ENERGY CLUSTER

Unlike the Agriculture cluster, the Energy cluster shows an increase of 139 persons by 2017. Under this cluster, most growing occupations are related to the research and services sub-cluster (Table 3.11). However, most of these occupations are not directly related to the Energy cluster and can provide services to any of the other clusters as well.

		Tabl	E 3.11:					
		Energ'	Y CLUSTER					
SOC	Occupation	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2012)	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2017)	2012- 2017 CHANGE	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY EARNINGS	EDU- CATION LEVEL*	
13-2011	Accountants and Auditors	69	132	63	91%	\$24.44	7	
47-2061	Construction Laborers	40	60	20	50%	\$11.91	1	
43-3021	Billing and Posting Clerks	33	50	17	52%	\$13.18	1	
43-9061	Office Clerks, General	37	53	16	43%	\$15.66	1	
13-2082	Tax Preparers	20	33	13	65%	\$18.29	2	
43-6014	Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	26	36	10	38%	\$14.48	1	
1 - Shor	t-term on-the-job training	6 -	Associate's d	egree				
2 - Mode	erate-term on-the-job training	7 -	Bachelor's de	egree				
-	-term on-the-job training		8 - Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience					
_	 4 - Work experience in a related occupation 5 - Postsecondary non-degree award 9 - First professional degree 10 - Masters 							
	. •	11 -	- Doctoral deg	ree				

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset-QCEW Employees

HEALTH AND WELLNESS CLUSTER

The occupations under Health and Wellness cluster show the highest change in workers being hired between 2012 and 2017. Registered nurses occupation (SOC 29-1111) is estimated to grow by 282 persons. The second largest growing occupation is the nursing aides (SOC 31-1012) by 61 new employees (Table 3.12).

			E 3.12:								
	HEALTH AND WELLNESS CLUSTER										
soc	Occupation	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2012)	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2017)	2012- 2017 CHANGE	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY EARNINGS	EDU- CATION LEVEL*				
29-1111	Registered Nurses	795	1,077	282	35%	\$48.82	6				
31-1012	Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	339	400	61	18%	\$12.44	5				
43-6013	Medical Secretaries	172	216	44	26%	\$15.14	2				
29-2061	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	297	330	33	11%	\$24.78	5				
31-9092	Medical Assistants	196	228	32	16%	\$12.37	2				
39-9021	Personal Care Aides	122	150	28	23%	\$8.31	1				
29-2037	Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	89	117	28	31%	\$31.34	6				
43-4171	Receptionists and Information Clerks	106	123	17	16%	\$11.71	1				
43-9061	Office Clerks, General	72	89	17	24%	\$15.66	1				

		EMPLOYED IN	EMPLOYED IN				
soc	Occupation	INDUSTRY GROUP	INDUSTRY GROUP	2012- 2017	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY	EDU- CATION LEVEL*
37-2012	OCCUPATION Maids and Housekeeping	(2012) 121	(2017)	CHANGE 15	12%	EARNINGS	LEVEL*
37-2012	Cleaners Medical and Health Services			15	12%	\$9.24	
11-9111	Managers	42	57	15	36%	\$41.45	7
37-2011	Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	44	58	14	32%	\$13.63	1
29-1126	Respiratory Therapists	33	47	14	42%	\$32.49	6
31-9091	Dental Assistants Medical Records and Health	133	146	13	10%	\$19.67	5
29-2071	Information Technicians	66	79	13	20%	\$21.43	5
29-2055	Surgical Technologists	58	71	13	22%	\$20.62	5
31-9799	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	57	70	13	23%	\$15.80	1
29-2011	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	47	59	12	26%	\$38.72	7
43-3021	Billing and Posting Clerks	65	75	10	15%	\$13.18	1
43-4111	Interviewers, Except Eligibility and Loan	31	41	10	32%	\$19.50	1
21-1015	Rehabilitation Counselors	17	27	10	59%	\$19.21	10
43-1011	First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	43	52	9	21%	\$24.63	4
29-2052	Pharmacy Technicians	30	39	9	30%	\$18.21	2
21-1022	Healthcare Social Workers	28	37	9	32%	\$37.99	10
29-2012	Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians	20	29	9	45%	\$25.31	6
29-1123	Physical Therapists	27	35	8	30%	\$48.66	9
29-1051	Pharmacists Secretaries and Administrative	21	29	8	38%	\$61.31	9
43-6014	Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	36	43	7	19%	\$14.48	1
21-1091	Health Educators	31	38	7	23%	\$26.35	7
33-9032	Security Guards	27	34	7	26%	\$12.85	1
19-1042	Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	20	27	7	35%	\$38.05	11
29-2032	Diagnostic Medical Sonographers	15	22	7	47%	\$45.78	6
29-1071	Physician Assistants	33	39	6	18%	\$50.11	10
21-1093	Social and Human Service Assistants	13	19	6	46%	\$11.42	1
29-2031	Cardiovascular Technologists and Technicians	12	18	6	50%	\$36.05	6
29-2021	Dental Hygienists	35	40	5	14%	\$43.07	6
43-3031	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	31	36	5	16%	\$16.77	2
49-9071	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	21	26	5	24%	\$17.12	2
31-9093	Medical Equipment Preparers	20	25	5	25%	\$11.65	2
43-6011	Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	16	21	5	31%	\$20.35	4
29-1062	Family and General Practitioners	17	21	4	24%	\$90.11	9
35-3041	Food Servers, Nonrestaurant	16	20	4	25%	\$10.52	1
11-1021	General and Operations Managers	15	19	4	27%	\$40.30	8
43-3011	Bill and Account Collectors	15	19	4	27%	\$13.88	2
43-5081	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	14	18	4	29%	\$9.56	1

SOC	Occupation	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2012)	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2017)	2012- 2017 CHANGE	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY EARNINGS	EDU- CATION LEVEL*
29-1031	Dietitians and Nutritionists	13	17	4	31%	\$24.36	7
29-9799	Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Workers, All Other	12	16	4	33%	\$19.45	7
13-1199	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	12	16	4	33%	\$25.10	3
35-2012	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	32	35	3	9%	\$19.48	1
31-9094	Medical Transcriptionists	11	14	3	27%	\$14.04	5
29-1021	Dentists, General	43	45	2	5%	\$95.29	9
29-1061	Anesthesiologists	18	20	2	11%	\$102.88	9
35-2021	Food Preparation Workers	15	17	2	13%	\$9.18	1
29-1127	Speech-Language Pathologists	12	14	2	17%	\$33.78	10
37-1011	First-Line Supervisors of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers	11	13	2	18%	\$20.80	4
21-1013	Marriage and Family Therapists	20	21	1	5%	\$24.31	10
39-9032	Recreation Workers	13	14	1	8%	\$9.30	7
35-1012	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	11	12	1	9%	\$11.14	4
21-1023	Mental Health and Substance Abuse Social Workers	16	16	0	0%	\$32.53	10
43-2011	Switchboard Operators, Including Answering Service	12	12	0	0%	\$9.35	1
19-3031	Clinical, Counseling, and School Psychologists	11	11	0	0%	\$51.37	11
21-1014	Mental Health Counselors	20	19	(1)	(5%)	\$19.23	10
31-1011	Home Health Aides	53	51	(2)	(4%)	\$9.02	1
1 - Shor	t-term on-the-job training	6 -	Associate's d	egree			

1 - Short-term on-the-job training

2 - Moderate-term on-the-job training

3 - Long-term on-the-job training

4 - Work experience in a related occupation

5 - Postsecondary non-degree award

7 - Bachelor's degree

8 - Bachelor's or higher degree, plus work experience

9 - First professional degree

10 - Masters

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset-QCEW Employees

LOGISTICS CLUSTER

The heavy tractor-trailer truck driver (SOC 53-3032) occupation is estimated to add 51 employees in 2017, growing from 218 persons to an estimated 269 persons in 2017 (Table 3.13). This table corresponds to the Logistics related jobs projection reported in Table 3.6.

			E 3.13:					
			CS CLUSTER	₹				
soc	Occupation	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2012)	EMPLOYED IN INDUSTRY GROUP (2017)	2012- 2017 CHANGE	% Change	MEDIAN HOURLY EARNINGS	EDU- CATION LEVEL*	
53-3032	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	218	269	51	23%	\$16.80	1	
53-3021	Bus Drivers, Transit and Intercity	65	86	21	32%	\$14.43	2	
53-3022	Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	20	33	13	65%	\$18.89	2	
53-7062	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	42	56	14	33%	\$11.10	1	
53-3033	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	24	28	4	17%	\$11.93	1	
53-1021	First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand	21	25	4	19%	\$21.76	4	
53-7051	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	18	22	4	22%	\$14.94	1	
43-9061	Office Clerks, General	18	21	3	17%	\$15.66	1	
49-3031	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	17	20	3	18%	\$20.23	5	
43-5081	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	15	18	3	20%	\$9.56	1	
53-1031	First-Line Supervisors of Transportation and Material- Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	12	15	3	25%	\$25.59	4	
43-3031	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	12	14	2	17%	\$16.77	2	
1 - Short	1 - Short-term on-the-job training 6 - Associate's degree							
	rate-term on-the-iob training term on-the-iob training		Bachelor's de Bachelor's or		ıree, plus wo	rk experience		
	experience in a related occupation econdary non-degree award		First professi Masters	onal degree	е			

Source: EMSI 2013.2 Class of Worker Dataset-QCEW Employees

4. SKILLS ANALYSIS

In this section of the report we focus on analyzing the unemployed labor force who had previously worked in any one of the industry clusters in an effort to analyze the match (or mismatch) between the labor force and future jobs. In general, it does appear that the educational profile of the County's underutilized labor force matches the educational and training requirements of future jobs.

Of the County's clusters, Health and Wellness is projected to grow the most new jobs between 2012 and 2017, at 1,090 over a five year period, or 217 per year on average (Table 4.1). The bulk of the 1,090 new jobs are in the lower-middle and middle education and training categories consisting of relevant work experience (201) and an Associate's degree (625) respectively. There are slightly over 250 jobs in the lowest educational requirement category consisting of moderate-term OJT (181) and short-term OJT (71). On the labor force side, there are only 93 persons who are unemployed and who previously worked in Health and Wellness industries. Of the 93 unemployed persons, the bulk is in the lower –middle educational attainment rung of some college (72) and high school diploma (7). While the discrete number of anticipated new jobs over a five year period is considerably higher than the number of unemployed persons with backgrounds in Health and Wellness, the unemployed labor force with previous experience in this cluster matches the educational and training requirements of anticipated jobs within the Health and Wellness cluster, as both tend to be lower-middle rungs of educational ladder.

TABLE 4.1: COMPARISON OF UNEMPLOYED LABOR FORCE BY CLUSTER BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT TO NEW JOBS BY SAME CLUSTER BY EDUCATION AND TRAINING: KINGS COUNTY (HEALTH AND WELLNESS - ALL SUB CLUSTERS)

	Unem	ployed Labor Sub-Cluster			Job Projections By Educational Attainment		
Educational Attainment	Mgrs/ Supervisors	Not Managers	Total Underutilized Labor Force	Education and Training Requirements	Mgrs/ Supervisors	Not Managers	Total
01 Advanced degree	0	0	0	01 Advanced degree	12	0	12
02 Bachelor's	0	14	14	02 Bachelor's	0	0	0
03 Associate's	0	0	0	03 Associate's	0	625	625
04 Some college	0	72	72	04 Work experience in related occupation	135	66	201
05 HS diploma/GED	7	0	7	05 Long-term OJT	0	0	0
06 No HS diploma/GED	0	0	0	06 Moderate-term OJT	0	181	181
99 NA	0	0	0	07 Short-term OJT	0	71	71
	7	86	93		147	943	1,090

Source: ADE, Inc. based on US Census PUMS One-year Sample for years 2009-2011 and EMSI Occupational Projections.

The second fastest growing cluster is Logistics, which is projected to grow by 181 new jobs, most of which are in the lower educational/training category, i.e. short-term OJT (118 new jobs between 2012 and 2017) and moderate-term OJT (53) (Table 4.2). Regarding the underutilized labor force with experience in Logistics, all are in the lower-middle educational attainment rung, as there are 26 persons with some college who are unemployed. On the surface, there is a slight mismatch between educational backgrounds of the labor force and educational requirements of the new jobs in Kings County's Logistics cluster, as the labor force tends to be in the lower-middle rung while anticipated new jobs are in the lowest educational rung.

Table 4.2: Comparison of Unemployed Labor Force By Cluster By Educational Attainment To New Jobs By Same Cluster by Education and Training: Kings County (Logistics - All Sub Clusters)								
	Unem	ployed Labor Sub-Cluster				Job Projections ucational Attain		
Educational Attainment	Mgrs/ Supervisors	Not Managers	Total Underutilized Labor Force	Education and Training Requirements	Mgrs/ Supervisors	Not Managers	Total	
01 Advanced degree	0	0	0	01 Advanced degree	0	0	0	
02 Bachelor's	0	0	0	02 Bachelor's	0	0	0	
03 Associate's	0	0	o	03 Associate's	0	0	0	
04 Some college	0	26	26	04 Work experience in related occupation	6	5	11	
05 HS diploma/GED	0	0	0	05 Long-term OJT	0	0	0	
06 No HS diploma/GED	0	0	0	06 Moderate-term OJT	0	53	53	
99 NA	0	0	0	07 Short-term OJT	0	118	118	
	0	26	26		6	175	181	

Source: ADE, Inc. based on US Census PUMS One-year Sample for years 2009–2011 and EMSI Occupational Projections.

5. TRAINING RESOURCES

This section identifies whether training programs exist for the occupations in the growing industry clusters, which are Health and Welfare and Logistics. In Table 5.1 below, occupations under any of the five clusters that are assigned a dash ("---") are not expected to grow. Occupations assigned a number including zero ("0") are expected to grow and the assigned number reflects the number of job training programs whose services are relevant to the corresponding occupation. For example, registered nurses (OCCSOC 29-1111) is an occupation within the Health and Wellness cluster that requires an AA; this occupation is expected to increase in number, and there are six job training programs that are specific to this occupation. There will be an increase in the number of radiologic technicians (OCCSOC 29-2037) within Health and Welfare in the near future but in Kings County there are no job training programs specifically targeting this occupation, according to the California EDD ETPL database.

There are approximately 11 occupations that are expected to increase in numbers within the Health and Welfare cluster (Table 5.1). For 4 of these occupations, there are no job training programs, according to the California EDD ETPL database. There are 9 occupations within Logistics; for 3 of these growing occupations, there are no job training programs.

TABLE 5.1: Number of Job Training Programs for Occupations in Top Growing Clusters: Kings County

occsoc	Description	Health and Welfare (11/4)	Logistics (9/3)	Required Education/Training
29-1051	Pharmacists	0		Advanced degree
29-1111	Registered Nurses	6		Associate's
29-2037	Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	0		Associate's
29-2052	Pharmacy Technicians	5		Moderate-term OJT
29-2061	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6		Work experience in related occupation
31-1012	Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	4		Work experience in related occupation
31-9092	Medical Assistants	11		Moderate-term OJT
39-9021	Personal Care Aides	0		Short-term OJT
41-1011	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	0		Work experience in related occupation
41-2011	Cashiers	1		Short-term OJT
41-4012	Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products			Moderate-term OJT
43-3031	Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks			Moderate-term OJT
43-5081	Stock Clerks and Order Fillers			Short-term OJT
43-6013	Medical Secretaries	10		Moderate-term OJT
43-9061	Office Clerks, General		4	Short-term OJT
49-3031	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists		0	Work experience in related occupation
53-1021	First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand		0	Work experience in related occupation
53-3021	Bus Drivers, Transit and Intercity		2	Moderate-term OJT
53-3022	Bus Drivers, School or Special Client		1	Moderate-term OJT
53-3032	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers		5	Short-term OJT
53-3033	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers		3	Short-term OJT
53-7051	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators		1	Short-term OJT
53-7062	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand		0	Short-term OJT

Source: Applied Development Economics, based on EMSI and California EDD LMID

Below we identify the WIA-approved job training providers that correspond to the occupational needs in the table above. There are 3 job training providers providing services that are relevant to growing occupations in the Health and Welfare cluster, and 2 providers whose services are relevant to Logistics occupations (Table 5.2).

Table 5.2: Specific Job Training Providers Offering Training For Occupations Identified in Top Growing Clusters						
Health and Welfare (3)	Logistics (2)					
BOSTON REED HANFORD CA 93230	DASMESH TRUCK DRIVING SCHOOL HANFORD CA 95230					
HANFORD ADULT SCHOOL HANFORD CA 93230	WEST HILLS COLLEGE LEMOORE LEMOORE CA 93245					
WEST HILLS COMM. COLL. DIST. LEMOORE CA 93245						
BOSTON REED HANFORD CA 93230						

Source: Applied Development Economics, based on California EDD WIB ("Eligible Training Provider List")

APPENDIX A: CLUSTER DEFINITIONS

AGRICULTURE CLUSTER

	TORE CLOSTER						
	CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE						
Agriculture Cluster - Production							
111	Crop Production						
112	Animal Production						
1141	Fishing						
115112	Soil Preparation, Planting, Cultivating						
115113	Crop Harvesting, Primarily by Machine						
115114	Postharvest Crop Activities						
115115	Farm Labor Contractors and Crew Leaders						
115116	Farm Mgmt Svcs						
115210	Support Activities for Animal Production						
Agricultur	e Cluster - Processing						
311	Food Manufacturing						
312	Beverage and Tobacco Product Manufacturing						
321920	Wood Container and Pallet Mfg						
322211	Corrugated and Solid Fiber Box Mfg						
Agricultur	e Cluster - Distribution						
424410	General Line Grocery Merchant Wholesalers						
424430	Dairy Product Wholesalers						
424450	Confectionery Wholesalers						
424470	Meat & Meat Product Wholesalers						
424480	Fresh Fruit/Veg Wholesalers						
424490	Other Grocery Wholesalers						
424820	Wine, Alcoholic Beverage Wholesalers						
424910	Farm Supplies Wholesalers						
424930	Flower, Nursery Stock, and Florists' Supplies Merchant Wholesalers						
445110	Supermarkets, Other Grocery						
445120	Convenience Stores						
445210	Meat Markets						
445230	Fruit and Vegetable Markets						
445291	Baked Goods Stores						
445292	Confectionery and Nut Stores						
445299	All Other Specialty Food Stores						
445310	Beer, Wine, and Liquor Stores						
481111	Scheduled Passenger Air Transportation						
481211	Nonscheduled Chartered Passenger Air Trans						
482	Rail Transportation						
484110	General Freight Trucking, Local						
484121	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload						
484122	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload						
484220	Specialized Freight Trucking, Local						
484230	Specialized Freight Trucking, Long-Dist.						
488119	Other Airport Operations						
488190	Other Support Activities for Air Transportation						
488510	Freight Transportation Arrangement						
493110	General Warehousing & Storage						
493120	Refrigerated Warehousing and Storage						

AGRICULTURE CLUSTER (CONTINUED)

	CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE				
Agricultu	re Cluster - Support				
221310	Water Supply and Irrigation Systems				
237110	Water & Sewer Line & Related Construction				
325314	Fertilizer (Mixing Only) Manufacturing				
325320	Pesticide and Other Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing				
333111	Farm Machinery, Equip Mfg				
423820	Farm, Garden Machinery, Equip Wholesalers				
423830	Industrial Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers				
423840	Industrial Supplies Merchant Wholesalers				
423850	Service Establishment Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers				
444220	Nursery, Garden Ctr, Farm Supply Stores				
522292	Real Estate Credit				
532490	Other Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment Rental and Leasing				
541380	Testing Laboratories				
541613	Marketing Consulting Services				
541840	Media Representatives				
541870	Advertising Material Distribution Services				
541890	Other Services Related to Advertising				
541940	Veterinary Services				
551114	Corporate, Subsidiary, Regional Offices				
561110	Office Administrative Services				
561311	Employment Placement Agencies				
561320	Temporary Help Services				
561710	Exterminating and Pest Control Services				
561730	Landscaping Services				
562920	Materials Recovery Facilities				
811310	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance				

Source: ADE, Inc.; data from EMSI. Notes: Industries included in the cluster each account for a minimum of 10 jobs.

ENERGY CLUSTER

	CLUSTER COMPONEN	ITS BY NA	ICS CODE
ALTERI	NATIVE ENERGY GENERATION/PRODU		
23711	Water and Sewer Line and Related Structures Construction	311223	Other Oilseed Processing
23816	Roofing Contractors	325193	Ethyl Alcohol Manufacturing
ALTERI	NTIVE ENERGY DISTRIBUTION		
423610	Electrical Apparatus and Equipment, Wiring Supplies, and Related Equipment Merchant Wholesalers	423720	Plumbing and Heating Equipment and Supplies (Hydronics) Merchant Wholesalers
423690	Other Electronic Parts and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		
ENERG	Y EFFICIENCY		
23821	Electrical Contractors and Other Wiring Installation Contractors	23831	Drywall and Insulation Contractors
23822	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors		
EQUIP	MENT MANUFACTURING		
333132	Oil and Gas Field Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	335110	Electric Lamp Bulb and Part Manufacturing
333414	Heating Equipment (except Warm Air Furnaces) Manufacturing	335121	Residential Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing
333611	Turbine and Turbine Generator Set Units Manufacturing	335122	Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing
334512	Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing for Residential, Commercial, and Appliance Use	335129	Other Lighting Equipment Manufacturing
334515	Instrument Manufacturing for Measuring and Testing Electricity and Electrical Signals	335311	Power, Distribution, and Specialty Transformer Manufacturing
334517	Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing		
PETRO	LEUM PRODUCTION & PETROLEUM DIS	TRIBUTIO	ON
211111	Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Extraction	424710	Petroleum Bulk Stations and Terminals
211112	Natural Gas Liquid Extraction	424720	Petroleum and Petroleum Products Merchant Wholesalers (except Bulk Stations and Terminals)
212399	All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining	486110	Pipeline Transportation of Crude Oil
213111	Drilling Oil and Gas Wells	486210	Pipeline Transportation of Natural Gas
324110	Petroleum Refineries	486910	Pipeline Transportation of Refined Petroleum Products
324199	All Other Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing		
POWER	GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION	1	
221111	Hydroelectric Power Generation	221122	Electric Power Distribution
221112	Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation	221210	Natural Gas Distribution
221113	Nuclear Electric Power Generation	237120	Oil and Gas Pipeline and Related Structures Construction
221119	Other Electric Power Generation	237130	Power and Communication Line and Related Structures Construction
221121	Electric Bulk Power Transmission and Control		
RESEA	RCH & SERVICES		
541	Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	533110	Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets (except Copyrighted Works)
523910	Miscellaneous Intermediation	811219	Other Electronic and Precision Equipment Repair and Maintenance
523999	Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities	811310	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance

HEALTH AND WELLNESS CLUSTER

621111 C	CLUSTER COMPONEN CARE DELIVERY Offices of Physicians (except Mental Health		
	Specialists)	621512	Diagnostic Imaging Centers
621112 C	Offices of Physicians, Mental Health Specialists	621512	Diagnostic Imaging Centers
621210 C	Offices of Dentists	621610	Home Health Care Services
621310 C	Offices of Chiropractors	621910	Ambulance Services
621320 C	Offices of Optometrists	621991	Blood and Organ Banks
021330 P	Offices of Mental Health Practitioners (except Physicians)	622110	General Medical and Surgical Hospitals
	Offices of Physical, Occupational and Speech Therapists, and Audiologists	622210	Psychiatric and Substance Abuse Hospitals
621391 C	Offices of Podiatrists	622310	Specialty (except Psychiatric and Substance Abuse) Hospitals
621410 F	Family Planning Centers	623110	Nursing Care Facilities
	Outpatient Mental Health and Substance Abuse Centers	623210	Residential Mental Retardation Facilities
621491 F	HMO Medical Centers	623220	Residential Mental Health and Substance Abuse Facilities
621492 K	Kidney Dialysis Centers	623311	Continuing Care Retirement Communities
1 6 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1	Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical and Emergency Centers	623312	Homes for the Elderly
621498 A	All Other Outpatient Care Centers	623990	Other Residential Care Facilities
621511 M	Medical Laboratories	624310	Vocational Rehabilitation Services
MEDICAL	L DEVICE MANUFACTURING		
339112 S	Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing	339115	Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturing
339113 S	Surgical Appliance and Supplies Manufacturing	339116	Dental Laboratories
339114 🖸	Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing		
PHARMA	CEUTICALS		
325411 M	Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing	325413	In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing
325412 P	Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing	325414	Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing
	S AND SERVICES		
	Medical, Dental, and Hospital Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	424210	Drugs and Druggists' Sundries Merchant Wholesalers
	Ophthalmic Goods Merchant Wholesalers	813212	Voluntary Health Organizations
1 4/3490 1	Other Professional Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		
WELLNES	SS AND FITNESS		
446110 P	Pharmacies and Drug Stores	532291	Home Health Equipment Rental
446130 C	Optical Goods Stores	621399	Offices of All Other Miscellaneous Health Practitioners
446191 F	Food (Health) Supplement Stores	621999	All Other Miscellaneous Ambulatory Health Care Services
446199 A	All Other Health and Personal Care Stores	812191	Diet and Weight Reducing Centers

LOGISTICS CLUSTER

	CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE						
AIR, RA	AIL, WATER TRANSPORTATION	110 01 1171.					
481111	Scheduled Passenger Air Transportation	483211	Inland Water Freight Transportation				
481112	Scheduled Freight Air Transportation	483212	Inland Water Passenger Transportation				
481211	Nonscheduled Chartered Passenger Air Transportation	488111	Air Traffic Control				
481212	Nonscheduled Chartered Freight Air Transportation	488119	Other Airport Operations				
481219	Other Nonscheduled Air Transportation	488190	Other Support Activities for Air Transportation				
482	Rail Transportation	488210	Support Activities for Rail Transportation				
483111	Deep Sea Freight Transportation	488310	Port and Harbor Operations				
483112	Deep Sea Passenger Transportation	488320	Marine Cargo Handling				
483113	Coastal and Great Lakes Freight Transportation	488330	Navigational Services to Shipping				
483114	Coastal and Great Lakes Passenger Transportation	488390	Other Support Activities for Water Transportation				
FREIGH	IT & WAREHOUSING	1					
484110	General Freight Trucking, Local	493110	General Warehousing and Storage				
484121	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	493120	Refrigerated Warehousing and Storage				
484122	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload	493130	Farm Product Warehousing and Storage				
484210	Used Household and Office Goods Moving	493190	Other Warehousing and Storage				
484220	Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local	541614	Process, Physical Distribution, and Logistics Consulting Services				
484230	Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance	561910	Packaging and Labeling Services				
OTHER	SERVICES	1					
488410	Motor Vehicle Towing	488999	All Other Support Activities for Transportation				
488490	Other Support Activities for Road Transportation	492110	Couriers and Express Delivery Services				
488510	Freight Transportation Arrangement	492210	Local Messengers and Local Delivery				
488991	Packing and Crating						
RELATE	D MANUFACTURING						
336120	Heavy Duty Truck Manufacturing	336611	Ship Building and Repairing				
336510	Railroad Rolling Stock Manufacturing	336612	Boat Building				
TRANS	TRANSIT						
485111	Mixed Mode Transit Systems	485310	Taxi Service				
485112	Commuter Rail Systems	485410	School and Employee Bus Transportation				
485113	Bus and Other Motor Vehicle Transit Systems	485510	Charter Bus Industry				
485119	Other Urban Transit Systems	485991	Special Needs Transportation				
485210	Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation	485999	All Other Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation				

MANUFACTURING CLUSTER (CROSS-CLUSTER)

	CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE				
HEALTI	H & WELLNESS MANUFACTURING				
339112	Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing	325411	Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing		
339113	Surgical Appliance and Supplies Manufacturing	325412	Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing		
339114	Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing	325413	In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing		
339115	Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturing	325414	Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing		
339116	Dental Laboratories		Handractaring		
FOOD F	PROCESSING	ı			
311111	Dog and Cat Food Manufacturing	311920	Coffee and Tea Manufacturing		
311119	Other Animal Food Manufacturing	311930	Flavoring Syrup and Concentrate Manufacturing		
311211	Flour Milling	311941	Mayonnaise, Dressing, and Other Prepared Sauce Manufacturing		
311212	Rice Milling	311942	Spice and Extract Manufacturing		
311213	Malt Manufacturing	311991	Perishable Prepared Food Manufacturing		
311221	Wet Corn Milling	311999	All Other Miscellaneous Food Manufacturing		
311222	Soybean Processing	312111	Soft Drink Manufacturing		
311223	Other Oilseed Processing	312112	Bottled Water Manufacturing		
311225	Fats and Oils Refining and Blending	312113	Ice Manufacturing		
311230	Breakfast Cereal Manufacturing	312120	Breweries		
311311	Sugarcane Mills	312130	Wineries		
311312	Cane Sugar Refining	312140	Distilleries		
311313	Beet Sugar Manufacturing	312210	Tobacco Stemming and Redrying		
311320	Chocolate and Confectionery Manufacturing from Cacao Beans	312221	Cigarette Manufacturing		
311330	Confectionery Manufacturing from Purchased Chocolate	312229	Other Tobacco Product Manufacturing		
311340	Nonchocolate Confectionery Manufacturing	313111	Yarn Spinning Mills		
311411	Frozen Fruit, Juice, and Vegetable Manufacturing	313112	Yarn Texturizing, Throwing, and Twisting Mills		
311412	Frozen Specialty Food Manufacturing	313113	Thread Mills		
311421	Fruit and Vegetable Canning	313210	Broadwoven Fabric Mills		
311422	Specialty Canning	313221	Narrow Fabric Mills		
311423	Dried and Dehydrated Food Manufacturing	313230	Nonwoven Fabric Mills		
311511	Fluid Milk Manufacturing	313241	Weft Knit Fabric Mills		
311512	Creamery Butter Manufacturing	313249	Other Knit Fabric and Lace Mills		
311513	Cheese Manufacturing	316110	Leather and Hide Tanning and Finishing		
311514	Dry, Condensed, and Evaporated Dairy Product Manufacturing	321113	Sawmills		
311520	Ice Cream and Frozen Dessert Manufacturing	321920	Wood Container and Pallet Manufacturing		
311611	Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering	322211	Corrugated and Solid Fiber Box Manufacturing		
311612	Meat Processed from Carcasses	322212	Folding Paperboard Box Manufacturing		
311613	Rendering and Meat Byproduct Processing	322213	Setup Paperboard Box Manufacturing		
311615	Poultry Processing	322214	Fiber Can, Tube, Drum, and Similar Products Manufacturing		

MANUFACTURING CLUSTER (CROSS-CLUSTER) (CONTINUED)

Section Processing (CONTINUED) 332215 Sonitary Food Container Manufacturing 311712 Fresh and Frozen Seafood Processing 322215 Sanitary Paper Product Manufacturing 311811 Retail Bakeries 325411 Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing 311811 Commercial Bakeries 325414 Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing 311813 Frozen Cakes, Pies, and Other Pastries 326111 Plastics Bags and Pouch Manufacturing 311812 Condition Plastics Bags and Pouch Manufacturing 311821 Condition Plastics Bags and Pouch Manufacturing 311823 Dry Pasta Manufacturing 327213 Glass Container Manufacturing 311823 Dry Pasta Manufacturing 332115 Crown and Closure Manufacturing 311830 Torilla Manufacturing 332431 Metal Can Manufacturing 31191 Roasted Nuts and Peanut Butter Manufacturing 332431 Metal Can Manufacturing 332431 Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing 333132 Manufacturing 33412 Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing 33414 Metal Can Manufacturing 33414 Metaling Equipment (except Warm Air Furnaces) 311613 Rendering and Medical Instrument Manufacturing 334514 Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing 332299 All Other Converted Paper Product Manufacturing 34512 Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing 33413 Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing 33414 Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing 33419 All Other Converted Paper Product Manufacturing 33411 Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing 335312 Automatic Environmental C		CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE						
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Sample Commercial Bakeries 325414 Biological Product (except Diagnostic)	311712	Fresh and Frozen Seafood Processing	322291	Sanitary Paper Product Manufacturing				
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Instrument Manufacturing for Measuring and Testing Electricity and Electrical Signals 334413 Semiconductor and Related Device Manufacturing 334517 Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing 334519 Other Measuring and Controlling Device Manufacturing 335110 Electric Lamp Bulb and Part Manufacturing 335312 Motor and Generator Manufacturing 335121 Residential Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing 335314 Relay and Industrial Control Manufacturing 335122 Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing 335999 All Other Miscellaneous Electrical Equipment and Component Manufacturing 311223 Other Oilseed Processing Other Lighting Equipment Manufacturing 325193 Ethyl Alcohol Manufacturing 325193 Ethyl Alcohol Manufacturing 324110 Petroleum Refineries 324199 All Other Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing All Other Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing 336120 Heavy Duty Truck Manufacturing 336611 Ship Building and Repairing 336510 Railroad Rolling Stock Manufacturing 333319 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing 333319 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing 336102 Plastics Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing 333319 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing 336102 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing 336102 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing 333319 Other Commercial Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing Other Commercial Service Industry Machinery M	334512		333298	All Other Industrial Machinery Manufacturing				
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326122 Plastics Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing 333319 Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing								
Machinery Manufacturing	WATER	TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING	1					
	326122	Plastics Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing	333319					
	333111	Farm Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	333911	Pump and Pumping Equipment Manufacturing				

MANUFACTURING CLUSTER (CROSS-CLUSTER) (CONTINUED)

	CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE							
HEALTI	HEALTH & WELLNESS MANUFACTURING							
339112	Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing	325411	Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing					
339113	Surgical Appliance and Supplies Manufacturing	325412	Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing					
339114	Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing	325413	In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing					
339115	Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturing	325414	Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing					
339116	Dental Laboratories							
OTHER								
31-33	All Manufacturing Industries not listed above							

WATER TECHNOLOGY CLUSTER

CLUSTER COMPONENTS BY NAICS CODE			
2007 NAICS U.S. TITLE			
326122	Plastic Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing	333911	Pump and Pumping Equipment Manufacturing
333111	Farm Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	423830	Industrial Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers
333319	Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing	424910	Farm Supplies Merchant Wholesalers